

PHILLIPSBURG HERALD

"SPEAK TO THEM THAT THEY GO FORWARD."

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PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1883.

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ELI H. DAVIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
PHILLIPSBURG, KAN.

Will practice in all the courts of the State. Special attention given to collections.

A. B. HOUCK,
ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN.

Office in City Drug Store, east side Public Square. All calls promptly attended to day or night.

PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.
DONCARLOS & SON,

Attorneys at Law and Land Agents,
Will practice in all the courts of the Fifteenth Judicial District. Business before the United States Land Office. Will make collections in Phillips, Smith, Rooks and Norton Counties.

KIRWIN, KANSAS.
GEORGE W. STINSON,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Criminal practice a specialty. Will give careful attention to land matters before the United States Land Office. Will make collections in Phillips, Smith, Rooks and Norton Counties.

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W. T. S. MAY,

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Practice in the Local and United States Land offices a specialty. Office first door south of the United States Land Office.

KIRWIN, KANSAS. 12-2-12
WILLIAM BISSELL,

Notary Public and Real Estate Agent,
Will attend to all business before the United States Land Office. Pay taxes, redeem land from tax sale, buy and sell lands on commission and furnish abstract of title to all lands in Phillips County. Office in Court-house.

PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.
J. P. BERNARD,

COUNTY SURVEYOR.
KIRWIN, KANSAS.

Will do surveying at a reduction on legal charges during the winter.

Central House,
E. ALBAUGH, Prop.

Located on the south side Public Square. Accommodations. Transients will receive the best attention. Food stable in connection.

Phillipsburg, Kansas.
T. G. HACKLEY,

Barber and Hairdresser,
PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.

He is prepared to restore gray hair to its natural color. Also prepared to make false hair, false whiskers, etc., etc.

To the Ladies—We are prepared to make wigs, curls, braids, and all the latest styles in hair. Also, we have a large stock of hair ornaments, combs, brushes, etc., etc.

T. G. HACKLEY.
DR. I. MILEY,

Physician and Surgeon,
MARVIN, KANSAS.

Examining Surgeon of U. S. Pension Office. 10-4-12-12.

WM. BISSELL,
REAL-ESTATE AGENT

AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.

BUSINESS BEFORE
U. S. Land Office

A SPECIALTY.
WILL PAY TAXES

For Non-Residents without
Extra Charge.

Abstracts of Title

To all Lands in Phillips County.

LOANS Negotiated on Farm Property at a low rate of interest. Office in Room 15 on the second floor of Russell's Block, Southwest corner Public Square.

PHILLIPS, KANSAS.
CONFECTIONERY

AND
BAKERY.

East Side Public Square.

PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.
WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Good Stock Cigars

J. G. GEBHART,
Proprietor.

H. C. SPAULDING,
In the Post-office Building, deals in

STATIONERY,

Pens, Pencils, Paper,

MEMORANDUM BOOKS,

Blank Books,

BARNES' School Books,

and all kinds of school supplies.

A choice line of CIGARS always on hand.

Will pay the highest cash price for County Warrants.

CITY
DRUG STORE.

Drugs and Medicines, Fancy Toilet Articles and Perfumery.

PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.
Pure Drugs, Medicines and

Chemicals, Paints, Oils,

Stain, Graining, Varnish and Brushes,

NOTIONS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

H. C. SPRAGUE,
East Side Square.

NEW TIN SHOP.
C. BRUNER,

PRACTICAL TINNER,
PHILLIPSBURG, KAN.

Manufacturer of Tinware, and all kinds of repairing done promptly.

Give him a call.
First door south of Dutton's old stand.

The Care of Horses.

The temper and usefulness of horses depend far more on the treatment they receive than on any other factor.

Abundance of good food is not by any means all that a horse wants or needs. Good keep and good management combined, will, it is asserted, improve the appearance of even the naturally poorest breed of horses.

Arabian, stood, captured in his native wilds and transferred to rich pastures, will increase in size and strength. The physical proportion of the beautiful little Welsh pony and the docile, rough-coated little Shetland horse will grow higher than a mastiff dog if you feed them well. Even that semblance of a horse, the most diminutive of any known species of the equine race, the Chinese pony, an animal as small as a Mule, an opinion of its master, has been known to be enlarged in physical proportions by being fed regularly and well; but of what further improvement might have been made in the brute by kind treatment, gentle handling and keeping him clean, we have no record. If it be true that cleanliness is next to godliness in a man, the presumption is admissible that it may have a very beneficial influence on the spirit of a horse. The horse is naturally a cleanly animal, and to keep him otherwise than clean is to keep him in misery. Without food, animal life cannot, as a matter of course, be sustained, but next to the art of feeding comes the necessity of ventilation and thorough cleanliness in the stable. Continual neglect of his skin and coat brings irritability to a horse, and constant irritability takes the flesh off the bones. Less oats and hay will keep a horse in fine physical condition, if the currier comb is liberally used, than where the latter is neglected. To any rule of observation, or anything else there are always notable exceptions, and it may be to some little extent hazardous to conclude that a farmer's neatness, economy and prosperity can be correctly guessed, if not positively judged, by the condition of his horse's hides and the harness they wear. If the latter are ill-conditioned and slovenly, it is a safe bet of ten to one, ninety times in a hundred, that their owner's barnyard, stables, poultry-yard, pigsty and premises generally, as well as the fences on the farm, are in a filthy and disgusting condition. Similar evidence of slovenliness. As a rule, the better dressed in broadcloth the man, the more likely he will inspire greater confidence and respect in the minds of those with whom he is brought into business contact than it is possible for the one whose horse appears weary, worn and dispirited from slovenliness and carelessness to command in his master to obtain. As a general thing, a clean, well-conditioned horse may be accepted as a guarantee that everything in good order on the premises of the animal's owner. Proper care of a horse is certainly indispensable to a horse's comfort, and while the proper use of the currier comb and brush on a horse's skin is the hardest kind of labor, it is work that pays. —San Francisco Chronicle.

CURRENT TOPICS.
THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The aesthetic Oscar Wilde sailed for Europe a few days ago.

Pay-Director Edward C. Doran, of the United States Navy, was retired a few days ago.

Bishop Benson's acceptance of the Archbishopric of Canterbury was officially announced a few days ago.

The Treasury Cattle Commission the other day leased a tract of forty acres at Paisano, New Jersey, for a station.

The first Chinese missionary from this country to China, Run Sing, left New York a few days ago on his way to his mission.

M. De Lessers recently announced a scheme for the creation of an inland sea in Africa, to be prosecuted by private enterprise.

At the recent sale of articles accumulated in the Dead Letter Office, the proceeds amounted to \$1,497, which sum was deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the Post-office Department.

Four hundred tobacco-growers of New England held a meeting at Hartford, Conn., a few days ago, and adopted a petition to Congress to impose a duty of \$1 per pound on all foreign tobacco except from Cuba.

Factories of the Creek Indians were at war in the vicinity of Okmulgee, Indian Territory, where a desperate battle occurred a few evenings ago. A detachment of Federal soldiers were sent to the scene and disarmed 100 of Cherokee's men.

The naval hospital at Portsmouth, Eng., was visited the other day by Queen Victoria, Princess Beatrice, and the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, who conferred decorations on a number of convalescent patients of the Egyptian campaign.

The President the other day issued an executive order setting apart certain lands in Dakota Territory for the Turtle Mountain band of Chippewa Indians, and such other tribes of the Chippewa tribe as the Secretary of the Interior may see fit to settle thereon.

All differences between the manufacturers and employes in the shoe trade at Cincinnati, O., with reference to the schedule of wages for the next six months ending June 30 next were amicably adjusted a few days ago by a board of arbitration.

In a communication to a London (Eng.) paper the other day the Acting Governor of Iceland, the Bishops and other persons of note said that notwithstanding the large donations received, there would be great distress from want of food in Iceland during the winter.

The Khedive's decree degrading Arabi and other rebel pashas has been published. Public degradation was carried out the other afternoon in the presence of two battalions of the new Egyptian army. Only a few Europeans and about a hundred natives were present. The prisoners had started for Suez, whence they would be transported to Ceylon.

MAJOR GASKELL, of Dublin, Ireland, one of the Government Committee on emigration, in a recent interview at Boston, Mass., on the subject of Irish emigration said this desire to emigrate is caused by the inadequacy of crops. The object of Gaskell's visit is to inquire into State laws which bear on emigration, and see what arrangement exist for the reception of emigrants. The object of the British Government is not to send these people out against their will nor to stimulate emigration, but to help all who are determined to go, but do not possess the means.

ESTIMATES of the expenses of the Government for the appropriation bills in course of preparation by the House of Representatives at Washington were in amount as follows: For pensions, \$101,575,000; for pensions, \$1,000,000; navy, \$23,481,075; legislative, executive and judicial expenses, \$21,540,170; sundry civil expenses, \$84,212,276; District of Columbia, \$77,149,000; pensions, fortifications and navy bills will be ready for report to the House immediately after New Year's day. There remains for preparation the general deficiency bill and possibly a river and harbor bill.

FOR the five months which ended with November last, the number of immigrants arriving in the United States was 244,611, against 291,329 for the corresponding term in 1881. —The falling off of 46,718. For the month of November last the arrivals numbered 40,625, and in November, 1881, the figures were 51,856—showing a reduction of 10,961. In the five months this year, Great Britain and Ireland sent 69,690 of their people, or 13,675 more than last year. Germany's quota for the same term this year was 84,397. Last year it was 100,478, the reduction this year being 16,172. From Sweden and Norway the arrivals in the five months of 1882 were 6,836 less than in the same months of 1881; while Canada sent 25,229 in the period named for 1882, and only 31,471 in 1881. No other country named in the returns gave us more people this year than last.

The Commissioner of Agriculture, in his report to Congress relative to the work of his department, makes a formidable exhibit of the distribution of seeds alone. Under the special appropriation by Congress of \$50,000 for seeds to the Southern States, 2,000,000 packages were sent, divided as follows: Vegetables, 450,000; cereals, 400,000; field peas, 20,000; field beans, 2,000; field millet, 1,000; field cotton, 100. The whole number of seeds sent out by the bureau during the year was by package, 2,000,000. Of these packages 1,200,000 were sent out through members of Congress and Senators, 7,500 through agricultural societies, 20,000 through State agricultural experiment stations, and the balance, 800,000, were sent out through the post office.

ACCORDING to a report received by the Secretary of the New York Chamber of Commerce, the exports for the year by American vessels aggregated \$17,500,000, while foreign vessels carried away goods valued at \$70,000,000.

The trustees of the New Hampshire State, petitioned the Supreme Court of Rhode Island for leave to discontinue a suit in equity of trust mortgage notes a few days ago.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

The Co-operative Dress Association, at New York City, of which Kate Field was President, closed its store a few days since. The assets were stated at \$244,000; liabilities, \$125,000.

LILLIAN SPENCER was shot and severely injured by one of her company at the Academy of Music in Rochester, N. Y., the other night. The shooting was accidental. It took place at the close of the first act of the play called "Article 47" when Duhamel shoots Clara. A. H. Forrest played Duhamel and he fired a blank cartridge at too close proximity to Miss Spencer. She received the charge in her ear.

EMMA FRIDOLF was found dead in her bed in New York a few days ago. When the Coroner arrived he found one of her sons dancing in the room. Another son was not able to tell his name. They were both insane.

THREE ice bergs in the Allegheny River broke the other day, carrying away 65,000 feet of lumber at Pittsburgh, Pa.

The steamer Volmer arrived at Victoria, B. C., the other day, bringing forty Chinese women, thirty-two were sold to Chinamen who reside in the United States. They went to the American side disguised as sick women.

JOSEPH KOSINSKY, employed in the iron-works at Cleveland, O., being fatigued by the day's work, lay down beside the blast-furnace the other night for a short nap, having volunteered to work double time. Next morning he was found dead, suffocated by the gases from the furnace. He leaves a young widow and infant.

An error of a telegraph-operator caused a collision of freight trains on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Road, in which Conductor Theodore Fry was killed, a few days ago.

THE two upper floors of William Whiteley's furniture store in London, Eng., burned the other night. Damage very great. The establishment was one of the largest in London. Twenty-five engines were engaged in subduing the flames.

SAMUEL RIVES became involved in a quarrel with his cousin, Wm. Rives, at Petersburg, Va., the other day, when a colored man named Parker endeavored to restore peace, which so enraged the former that he shot the negro. Rives then shot Parker, blowing his head off.

SHAW & BERRY's woolen mills, Wetherill & Co.'s machine works and other important industrial establishments in Chester, Pa., closed the other day on account of depression of trade. Large numbers were thrown out of employment.

BANKER HORSTMAN returned to Lafayette, Ind., the other day, from a some-what extended visit near Munster, Prussia. About twelve years ago he came to America to escape military duty. In January last he went back on a visit, and after a disagreement in settling the paternal estate a sister-in-law had him arrested for evading military duty. He had to work out a six months sentence for desertion in the military prison.

THE Somerset Fibre Company's main buildings at Fairfield, Me., burned the other night. A huge dipper, heated by steam, exploded, throwing the machinery in all directions. John Pooler was killed by the falling iron pipe. The building and machinery were entirely new.

ADVICES from Berlin, Germany, recently stated that in consequence of continuous rain the Rhine and tributaries were considerably swollen. Traffic was suspended on several railroads in Baden.

FIRE destroyed English & Huguennin's warehouse, at Mason, Ga., containing 2,256 bales of cotton and a large amount of guano, the other morning. The grocery of Henry & Sherwood was also consumed. Loss, \$110,000. Insurance, \$85,000.

THE three toll mills owned by Douglas, Stuart & Forest, located on Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Chicago and Oregon, Ill., using in the aggregate 20,000 bushels of oats per day, the other day shut down till the market assumed a more favorable aspect.

THE other evening in New York, Va., K. K. Kennedy, Post-office Director, was shot at Washington, D. C., by W. B. Johnson, a railway postal clerk.

WHILE drawing a pail of water Ann O'Brien fell into a cistern, at Syracuse, N. Y., a few days ago. Her mother went to her rescue, lost her footing and fell in. Both were rescued. The father recovered the dead bodies when he returned from work in the evening.

A FEW days ago the Spanish-American claims commission, which had been in existence eleven years, adjourned sine die.

A FEW days ago Westgate, who implicated himself in the murder of Cavendish and Burke, in Ireland, and received free transportation from South America to Ireland, was released.

The lynching of three cowboys at Princeton, Ore., was reported a few days ago. The victims were desperate characters and it is said belonged to an organized band of cat and mice, which the citizens were determined to break up.

At Cleveland, O., the operators of the Massillon District coal mines a few days since agreed to reduce the price of mining from ninety-five to eighty-five cents a ton, and appointed a committee to confer with the miners.

JEALOUSY caused James Clarke to shoot and kill his wife at Pittsburgh, Pa., the other morning.

It was recently decided by the District Court at Cincinnati that the Telephone Company was justified in cutting out the instrument of a subscriber for using language over the wires.

The other day Christian Timman, who recently rescued two girls from a burning building in Providence, R. I., was called to the Mayor's office and presented with \$750 in currency and a suit of clothes.

The escape of gas from a store at Chicago, Ill., the other day, nearly suffocated Charles Kora and caused the death of his wife.

The hotels of San Francisco recently announced their ability to accommodate 4,000 persons at the Soldiers' Hospital's convalescent hospital.

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A FEW days ago Annie Sullivan, more than 100 years of age, was killed by a train at Winchester, Mass.

THAT barn David Pence, about eight miles north of Fremont, O., was entered by a thief or thieves, and a span of valuable black horses and a light spring wagon were stolen, the other night, the third visitation of horse-thieves in that county during two weeks previous.

At Atlanta, Ga., six books of record were stolen from the safe of the County Clerk's office the other night. As nearly all the original deeds to Atlanta property were recorded in the stolen books, the authorities offered \$1,350 reward.

By a tall chimney falling on a building in which a number of operatives were employed thirty-six persons were killed and forty seriously injured at Bradford, Eng., a few days ago.

A MAN named Samuel Sheeks bored holes in a tree, filled them with powder and stopped them up with plugs, at Chatsfield, Tex., the other day. He then touched off his plug. One of the plugs hit him in the head, killing him instantly.

The bark Gembok, which arrived at New York a few days ago, reported that October 9 a ball of fire passed across her deck, injuring three seamen, and exploded like a rocket when twenty yards away.

A DWELLING house situated near Carvalla, Benton County, Ore., was destroyed by fire the other night. Two young men were burned to a crisp, and a third party so badly injured that he was not expected to recover. The parties went to bed drunk, leaving a large fire burning, which communicated to the building. The other inmates escaped.

Mrs. WILLIAM GILBERT's four-year-old son opened the stove and began playing with the fire at South Bend, Ind., a few days ago. His clothes caught, and when the mother got home, called by his screams, he was burned to a crisp.

It is said that twenty persons were drowned by the washing away of a bridge over the Rhine in Baden, Germany, the other day.

THE boiler in a flour mill at Perry, Shawnee County, Mich., exploded the other morning, demolishing the mill and killing the engineer.

A NUMBER of Dakota and Wisconsin lawyers were recently disbarred from practice before the Interior Department on account of their connection with land frauds.

TWENTY miles south of Beverly, W. Va., a farm-house caught fire the other night and the occupants, a family of five, were burned to death. Mrs. Curran received probably fatal injuries in a vain effort to rescue them.

A PHILADELPHIAN for forty-five years had struggled through the world bearing the name of Nathan Huzanowski, but sought and obtained a few days since, a court granting his petition to change his name to Nathan Rosenau.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

THE 27th—In the Senate the Civil-Service bill was taken up as unfinished business and a lengthy debate the Senate adjourned until Wednesday, Dec. 27. In the house no business was transacted.

THE 28th—In the Senate resolutions were adopted calling for a statement showing the annual expenditures for carrying foreign mails; calling for the number of contested elections; and for the number of political prisoners. Several amendments were adopted. The House had no quorum and adjourned to Saturday, Dec. 28.

THE 29th—In the Senate the bill reported by the Judiciary Committee to prevent Government officers and employes collecting or paying for political purposes, was taken up and passed. The bill for the relief of Gen. Fitz John Porter was then considered.

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